

## Geography Progression of Knowledge and Skills



EYFS					
Three and Four-Year-Olds	Ма	thematics	<ul> <li>Understand position through words alone. For example, "The bag is under the table," — with no pointing.</li> <li>Describe a familiar route.</li> <li>Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</li> </ul>		
	Understar	nding the World	<ul> <li>Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.</li> <li>Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.</li> <li>Know that there are different countries in the work and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.</li> </ul>		
Reception	Understanding the World		<ul> <li>Draw information from a simple map.</li> <li>Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.</li> <li>Explore the natural world around them.</li> <li>Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.</li> </ul>		
ELG	Understanding the World –	People, Culture and Communities	<ul> <li>Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.</li> <li>Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps</li> </ul>		
		The Natural World	<ul> <li>Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.</li> <li>Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons.</li> </ul>		

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Use simple geographical vocabulary to describe features or location e.g. hill, local, a road, coastline, woods.	Describe key features of a place, using words like, beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, valley, farmland, woods, coastline, local,	Describe route and direction using 8 compass points e.g. N, S, E, W, NW, NE, SW, SE.	Describe route and direction linking N/S/E/W with degrees on the compass.	Describe route, direction and location, linking 8 points of compass to degrees on compass.	Describe route, direction location linking 16 points on compass to degrees on compass.
	Consider geographical questions e.g. what is it like to live in this place? Express own views about a place,	vegetation, cliff, sea, season.  Consider geographical questions — Where is this place? What is it like? How has it changed?	Link words to topic e.g. river, meander, flood, plain, location, industry. Transport. Use correct geographical words to	Link words to topic e.g. contour, height, valley.  Ask questions – what is this landscape like? what will it be like in the future?	Link words to theme e.g. river – erosion, deposition, transportation, coasts, long shore drift, headland.  Ask questions: what is this landscape	Link words to theme e.g. settlement, urban, rural, land use, sustainability, rivers, confluence, tributary.  Ask questions: what is this landscape
KNO	people, environment.  Recognise how places have become the	Express own views and preferences about a place, people, environment,	describe a place and the things that happen there.	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. make comparisons between	like? how has it changed? what made it change? how is it changing?	like? how is it changing?  What patterns can you see/ how has
KNOWLE	way they are e.g. shops.  Observe and record e.g. identify	location and give detailed reasons.  Recognise how places have become the	Use technical and geological vocabulary to describe physical processes.	locations using photos, pictures and maps.	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. compare historical maps of varying scales, temperature of various locations	the pattern changed?  Analyse evidence and draw
DGE AND UNDERSTANDING	buildings on a street  Communicate in different ways e.g.	way they are e.g. shops.  Observe and record in different ways	Ask geographical questions: where is this location? What do you think about	Identify and explain different views of people including themselves.	and its influence on people.  Identify and explain different views of	conclusions e.g. from field work data on land use comparing land use and temperature.
	pictures, pictograms simple maps, sketches, labelled diagrams.	e.g. sketches, diagrams, ICT, charts.	it?	Collect and record evidence: show questionnaire results in simple chart or	people including themselves.	Look for patterns and explain reasons behind them.
	Name the four seasons and describe typical weather conditions for each.	Compare and describe an area of the UK to a place outside Europe using geographical words.	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions e.g. make comparisons between locations using photos,	colour coded maps which demonstrate patterns.	Design and use questionnaires to obtain views of community on subject.	Identify and explain different views of
	Identify hot and cold areas in the world and begin to understand	Explain how the jobs people do may be different in different parts of the world.	pictures, temperatures, population.  Identify and explain different views of	Communicate in ways appropriate to task and audience.	Collect and record evidence.  Conduct a land use survey.	people including themselves and justify in detail.
	climate in simple terms — e.g. consider what they might wear if they lived in a very hot or a very cold country.	Explain what facilities a town or village might need.  Use information texts and the web to	people including themselves e.g. views of different sections of community when developing holiday resort, new housing estate.	Carry out research to discover features of cities and villages.  Plan a journey to a place in England.	Communicate in ways appropriate to task and audience e.g. persuasive writing — present information on map overlays to show levels of information	Communicate in ways appropriate to task and audience e.g. use email to exchange information about locality with another school.
	Name the four countries of the UK. Name some of the main towns and	gather information about the worlds human and physical geography.	Hold geographical debate through drama and role play (e.g. recycling)	Explain why people are attracted to living in cities.	e.g. old/new.  Plan a journey to a place in another	Give an extended description of the human features of different places around the world.
	cities in the United Kingdom	Suggest ways of improving the local environment.	Collect and record evidence: e.g. construct questionnaire, field sketch, brainstorm words about a place, e- learning, atlases.	Explain why people may choose to live in a village rather than a city.	part of the world, taking account of distance and time.	Describe how some places are similar and others are different in relation to their physical features.

Describe in simple terms how wind or	Describe how a physical or human	Communicate in ways appropriate to	Know the difference between the	Explain why many cities of the world	Name the largest desert in the world.
water has affected the Geography of an	process has changed an aspect of the	task and audience e.g. use	British Isles, Great Britain and UK.	are situated by rivers and why this	
area.	local environment — consider questions	questionnaires, charts, graphs to show		makes it an attractive location.	Explain how the time zones work.
	such as "Do you think that people ever	results, write views to local paper.	Know the countries that make up the		
Answer simple questions regarding	spoil the area or make it better?"		European Union.	Explain how a location fits into its	
straight forward geographical patterns	"How?"	Describe how volcanoes are created		wider geographical location;	
(e.g. what are the busiest times at the			Name the areas of origin of the main	reference to human and economical	
park?)	Use compass directions (N, S, E, W)	Describe how earthquakes are	ethnic groups in the UK and in their	features.	
	to describe locations.	created.	school.		
Identify similarities and differences					
between the local environment and		Locate the Mediterranean and explain	Collect and analyse data from first and		
one other place.		why it is a popular holiday destination.	second hand sources, identifying and		
			analysing patterns and suggesting		
		Name a number of countries in the	reasons for them (e.g. a number of hotels and restaurants are found at the		
		Northern Hemisphere.	seaside).		
		Tronsient Hemisphere.	Scasiacy.		
		Describe and compare different	Describe how physical activity has		
		features of human and physical	impacted and/or changed the		
		geography of a place, offering	physical and human characteristics of		
		explanations for the locations for	a place in the world.		
		some of these features.			
			Name the rivers of the UK and		
		Name and locate vegetation belts	describe the impact on the human		
		across the UK, explaining how some	and physical geography of the places		
		of these have changed over time.	they are found.		
		Identify how people both damage and	Explain how people try to sustain		
		improve the environment.	environments.		
		Provide a reasonable explanation for	Describe how physical processes have		
		features in relation to location (e.g. the	changed the characteristics of a		
		shops out of town are bigger because	landscape, country or continent and		
		there is more space)	how it can affect the lives and activities		
			of the people living there.		
		Sequence and explain features of a			
		physical weather process, such as the	Describe and explain how the climate		
		water cycle.	of a country or continent is linked to		
		Identify changes in the local and global	the distribution of natural resources and tourism.		
		environment.	ana tourism.		
		Cristi orinterit.	Compare and contrast how areas of		
			the world have capitalised on their		
			physical and human features		

|--|

	Make simple maps and plans.	Compare two settlements using	Draw maps more accurately plan	Draw an accurate map – develop	Name and locate many of the	Locate information/ place with speed
	riake simple maps and plans.	globes, maps, plans (at a range of	view (from above) and use a key	more complex key use contents/index	world's major rivers on maps.	and accuracy use key to make
	Explore maps of the local area.	scales).	accurately.	to locate position of location	worth s major rivers on maps.	deductions about landscape/
	Explore maps of the local area.	scates).	accurately.	including page/coordinates.	Name and locate many of the	industry/ features etc.
	Draw a simple picture map (could be	Use contents/index to locate a	Use maps and atlases appropriately	including page/coordinates.	world's most famous mountain	mastry features etc.
PRACTICAL	from a story) and label particular	country and draw information from a	by using contents and indexes.	Locate the Tropic of Cancer and the	regions on maps.	Use OS maps to answer questions.
	features.	map.	by using contents and mackes.	Tropic of Capricorn.	regions on maps.	ose os maps to answer questions.
4	Jeann est		Use some basic OS map symbols.	Tropic of capitositis	Locate the USA and Canada on a	Recognise key symbols used on
I I	Locate the four countries of the	Name the continents of the world	1 3	Name up to six cities in the UK and	world map and atlas.	ordnance survey maps.
IC	United Kingdom on a map.	and find them in an atlas.	Understand and use 4 and 6 figure	locate them on a map.	<b>'</b>	, i
×	, ,		grid references.	,	Locate and name the main countries	Identify and name the Tropics of
7	Locate hot and cold areas of the	Name the world's oceans and find		Locate and name some of the main	in South America on a world map	Cancer and Capricorn as well as the
G	world on a map.	them in an atlas.	Name and locate the capital cities of	islands that surround the UK.	and atlas.	Arctic and Antarctic circles.
E(	·		neighbouring European countries.			
$\sim$		Name and locate the main cities of		Draw sketch maps and plans using		Use eight points on a compass.
j R		England, Wales, Scotland and	Locate and name some of the world's	standardised symbols and key.		
Þ		Ireland.	most famous volcanoes.			
Pf				Locate and name geographical		
<b> </b>		Find where they live on a map of the	Use eight points of a compass to	features on an Ordnance Survey		
GEOGRAPHY (map		UK.	describe the location of a country or	тар.		
m`			geographical feature.			
af		Identify the seas which surround the		Plot a route on a map or a globe, from		
		UK.	Locate and explain the significance	one place to another, identifying		
and			of the Northern and Southern	countries or significant landmarks that		
		Use simple compass directions and	hemispheres and the Arctic and	are passed.		
atlas		locational/directional language when	Antarctic Circles.	1 . 1 1 . 1		
la		using maps.		Locate and explain the significance of the Equator, Northern		
S		Draw simple maps or plans using		Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere,		
skills)		symbols for a key.		the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn		
ille		symbols for a keg.		to a range of countries across the		
(3)		Locate the equator and North and		world.		
		South Poles and explain how the				
		weather affects these areas.		Locate the countries of Europe,		
		<b>"</b>		North and South America.		